# Salaries and Benefits: A Survey of Vermont Academic Librarians

Prepared by the
Personnel Committee
of the Vermont Library Association
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# **Foreword**

In the spring of 2006, then-director of Burlington College Library Teresa Faust approached the Personnel Committee of the Vermont Library Association with a request: She and other librarians active in the Association of Vermont Independent Colleges (AVIC) would like to know the status of academic librarians' salaries and benefits in Vermont. Could the Personnel Committee help?

The Committee was ready for a new challenge. We had just completed a year-long revision of "Increasing Public Library Compensation" and felt that it was time to work on behalf of the college and university librarians in the state. Step one was to recruit new members to represent the range of Vermont institutions of higher education. We then developed a straightforward plan: identify the academic librarians in the state; create an online survey that would gather the most useful data; administer the survey as simply and painlessly as possible; and report the results in a timely manner.

The result is the report you are reading. The report begins with background information – methodology, response rate, etc. – continues with highlights and conclusions from the data, provides a list of similar surveys for purposes of comparison, and concludes with the survey instrument and selected data.

Although the raw data is confidential, the Personnel Committee can provide customized reports, provided that anonymity is maintained. Please contact us with questions, requests, or ideas – for our next project, perhaps?

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Special thanks to Alan Howard (Academic Computing, University of Vermont), who helped us make sense of the raw data.

### **Definitions:**

Mean: the average of all the values

Median: the point above and below which there are an equal number of values

Standard Deviation: a measure of dispersion from the mean; in a so-called normal distribution, 2/3 of the values would be within one standard deviation of the mean

### **Background**

The Personnel Committee of the Vermont Library Association had a simple goal: gather data about academic librarians' salary and benefits, so that these librarians can advocate for themselves. Librarians, after all, are big believers in information, and it makes sense to use our skills to help our institutions. Our first order of business was to compile a comprehensive mailing list of academic librarians in Vermont. Members of the Committee contacted the director of every academic library in the state to gather the names and e-mail addresses of all MLS librarians working in a library position.

Meanwhile, the Committee spent a number of meetings determining the scope of the survey and crafting an instrument that was both user-friendly and would give us data of value to the end-user [Appendix 1: Survey instrument]. We decided to use an online survey from www.surveymonkey.com with a confidential link that would be e-mailed to each academic librarian. The survey's questions sought information about individuals' paid time off, standard benefits (e.g., medical/dental/vision, retirement), additional benefits (e.g., profes-

In May 2007, the American Library Association endorsed a minimum starting salary of \$40,000 for MLS librarians. At least 25% of those who responded to the VLA salary survey make less than this recommended minimum.

sional leave, tuition, etc.), and wages. The survey also gathered "demographic" data about the individual, including current area of responsibility, number of years in current position, number of years as a professional librarian, and name of institution. Of the 116 librarians who received the survey, 71 completed it, a response rate of 61%. In addition, we asked the director of each library to provide data about the institution itself: student enrollment, staff size, library budget, etc. Of the 24 institutions surveyed, only six did not provide institutional data [Appendix 2: Institutions surveyed]. However, every institution was represented by at least one respondent.

The academic library community in Vermont is simultaneously small and highly diverse. We can see this in a variety of measures:

- total full-time equivalent (FTE) student enrollment: 95 10,620;
- total annual library budget: \$50,000 \$12 million;
- total FTEs employed in the library, not including student workers: 0.8 105.

This diversity presented some challenges when the Committee turned to analyzing and reporting the survey results. There is a small-town quality to the community of academic librarians, both in its overall size and in the "everyone knows everyone" nature of Vermont. Therefore, the Committee took steps to assure respondent confidentiality. First, we adjusted the responses of the eight librarians working less than full time – anywhere from 37.5% to 90% time – to full-time equivalents. Second, we report the results in categories that maintain anonymity. In some cases, the distribution is fairly even across the range, as with salary by years in the profession, or by job title/area of responsibility. In other cases, these categories are quite narrow at one end of the scale and quite broad at the other, as in the comparison of salaries by total FTE enrollment:

0-500: 10 respondents 1001-2000: 7 respondents 501-1000: 9 respondents 2001+ : 36 respondents

Another result of the small yet highly diverse respondent pool is the occasionally marked span between the lowest and highest values and in some cases the large standard deviation. For instance, annual salaries reported range from \$29,000 to \$167,000, with a mean of \$54,277, a median of \$49,360, and a standard deviation of \$24,559.

With these caveats in mind, let us turn to a more detailed analysis of the survey results.

### **Analysis**

The results of the survey defy simple characterization. Some of the results prove to be exactly what we might have expected; other results were not at all what we might have anticipated. Some of the data yield clear conclusions while other data serve to raise more questions. The diverse nature of academic institutions in Vermont and the relatively small number of academic librarians factor heavily in the nature of the information we have gathered.

### **Salaries**

The most striking aspect of the overall distribution of salaries is the relatively high standard deviation of \$24,559. This standard deviation reveals the highly dispersed character of the salaries reported in the survey. The difference between the mean of \$54,277 and the median (50th percentile) of \$49,360 is due to a number of comparatively high salaries.

	Responses	Mean	Std Deviation	Minimum	Maximum	25 <sup>th</sup> Percentile	50 <sup>th</sup> Percentile	75 <sup>th</sup> Percentile
What is your annual salary?	71	\$54,277	\$24,559	\$29,000	\$167,000	\$38,000	\$49,360	\$61,000

In contrast to the large overall standard deviation, median salaries for the different types of positions do not show a wide divergence across categories. However, the data do indicate tremendous variability in the salaries of deans/directors/chief officers, with a minimum reported salary of \$32,000 and a maximum of \$167,000.

		Responses	Mean	Median	Std Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Which best	Director/Dean/Chief Officer	17	\$69,188	\$57,982	\$38,973	\$32,000	\$167,000
describes your title or	Dept Head/Asst or Assoc Director	14	\$58,009	\$55,926	\$15,621	\$35,500	\$85,000
area of re- sponsibility?	Reference Librarian	20	\$48,033	\$48,680	\$15,026	\$29,000	\$90,618
	Systems, Technical, or Other Librarian	20	\$45,234	\$41,002	\$14,629	\$30,000	\$93,000

The data for salary by years of professional experience appear to be rather surprising. The mean and median for the 5-9 years group (\$48,795 and \$49,360 respectively) are actually higher than the mean and median for the 10-14 years group (\$47,473 and \$42,250). This anomalous result is probably due in part to the small number of respondents in each category. Such a result may possibly be indicative of the phenomenon of salary compression in the profession.

		Responses	Mean	Median	Std Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
How many years	0 - 4 years	11	\$35,660	\$35,500	\$4,856	\$29,000	\$46,350
have you been working as a librar- ian with an MLS?	5 - 9 years	13	\$48,794	\$49,360	\$9,672	\$35,700	\$70,000
	10 - 14 years	12	\$47,473	\$42,250	\$15,002	\$33,503	\$85,000
	15 - 19 years	12	\$53,008	\$54,820	\$10,834	\$36,050	\$70,000
	20 - 24 years	9	\$66,850	\$61,000	\$42,039	\$32,000	\$167,000
	25 + years	14	\$72,834	\$65,500	\$30,300	\$30,000	\$148,000

Turning to data by size of institution, number of library employees, and library budget, a few conclusions seem appropriate. Comparing salaries by FTE enrollment and library budget, there is little difference among salaries at the smaller institutions by these measures and significantly higher salaries at the largest institutions. Median salaries at institutions with FTE enrollments of 2000 or fewer are quite similar: from \$36,875 to \$38,840. However, the median salary jumps markedly for FTE enrollment of over 2000, to \$56,125.

		Responses	Mean	Median	Std Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
What is your	0 - 500	10	\$40,047	\$36,875	\$10,509	\$29,000	\$61,000
institution's total FTE	501 - 1000	9	\$41,728	\$37,000	\$11,515	\$30,000	\$63,000
enrollment?	1001 - 2000	7	\$45,523	\$38,480	\$10,357	\$35,700	\$62,000
	2001 +	36	\$67,222	\$56,125	\$27,665	\$39,000	\$167,000

Similarly, median salaries by library budget up to \$1,000,000 range from \$36,875 to \$38,840. For library budget over \$1,000,000, the median salary is again \$56,125.

		Responses	Mean	Median	Std Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
What is the library's total budget (including personnel, materials, and operating	\$0 - \$300,000	12	\$39,206	\$36,875	\$9,938	\$29,000	\$61,000
budget)?	\$300,001 - \$1,000,000	14	\$44,587	\$38,480	\$10,920	\$33,000	\$63,000
	\$1,000,001 +	36	\$67,222	\$56,125	\$27,665	\$39,000	\$167,000

In contrast, there is a much steadier increase in salaries using FTE library employees as a gauge. The median salary at libraries employing o - 4 is \$36,050; 5 - 9, \$50,000; and 10 or more, again, \$56,125.

		Responses	Mean	Median	Std Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
How many FTEs are em-	0 - 4	15	\$37,668	\$36,050	\$8,111	\$29,000	\$57,982
ployed in your library? Include your own position, but	5 - 9	11	\$48,151	\$50,000	\$10,979	\$35,700	\$63,000
NOT student workers.	10 +	36	\$67,222	\$56,125	\$27,665	\$39,000	\$167,000

Salaries are somewhat higher at public institutions but it would be overly speculative to offer any particular reason for this distinction. The differences between public and private institutions could be attributable to any number of factors but more data would be required to reach meaningful conclusions.

		Responses	Mean	Median	Std Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Is your institution:	PRIVATE	44	\$53,537	\$48,500	\$22,249	\$29,000	\$148,000
	PUBLIC	18	\$64,392	\$55,150	\$31,008	\$38,000	\$167,000

The salary data for librarians who do not supervise, those who supervise staff but not professional librarians, and those who supervise professional librarians show a steady increase with increasing levels of responsibility, as one might expect. Those who do not supervise have median salaries of \$39,989; those who supervise staff but not professional librarians, \$47,675; and those supervising professional librarians, \$62,500.

		Responses	Mean	Median	Std Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Whom do you	Nobody	20	\$42,983	\$39,989	\$10,908	\$29,000	\$70,000
supervise ?	Staff, but not profes- sional librarians	12	\$46,799	\$47,675	\$11,220	\$32,000	\$69,000
	Professional librarians	24	\$71,117	\$62,500	\$32,751	\$33,503	\$167,000

One very clear pattern seen across the board is the large degree of dispersion between minimum and maximum salary in the "highest" categories, i.e., the highest enrollment / number of staff / budget / years in the profession / responsibility. One possible explanation for this fact is the diverse nature of academic institutions located in Vermont.

### Benefits & other relevant data

The benefits section of the survey proved to be somewhat problematic. The questions were confusing and probably too complex for this instrument. When we do this survey again we would probably ask the directors or HR administrators to supply information on benefits. Despite the confusion, we collected some interesting and useful data.

It was very encouraging to note that all full-time librarians were provided with health insurance. In addition, all full-time librarians were entitled to paid time off. Among part-time librarians, all permanent employees working at least 73 percent of full-time were entitled to paid time off and medical insurance. (Note that tables are not provided for this information, as the number of part-time respondents was fairly small.) The median percentage of the medical insurance premiums paid not including co-pays and other out-of-pocket expenses was 20%; however, a majority of respondents were not sure of this information.

The survey also gathered information about consolidated leave (combined paid time off for vacation, sickness, or personal time) as opposed to separate paid leave for vacation, sickness, or personal time. Twenty-three respondents or approximately 34% of those eligible for paid leave were entitled to consolidated leave, and 45 respondents or approximately 66% were entitled to separate paid leave. The number of days provided for the various types of leave covered a significant range. Vacation time was the one category for which most responses were fairly close to the median.

	Responses	Median	Minimum	Maximum
How many days of consolidated leave per year are offered to you?	23	30.00	18	40
How many days of paid vacation leave per year are offered to you as a separate benefit?	45	20.00	10	36
How many days of sick leave are offered to you each year as a separate benefit?	39	15.00	8	182
How many days of personal time are offered to you each year as a separate benefit?	18	4.00	1	6
How many paid holidays are offered to you as a separate benefit?	60	12.00	3	18
What percentage of the medical insurance premium NOT including co-pays and other out-of-pocket expenses do you pay?	26	20.00	6	40

In addition to paid leave and medical insurance, the survey included questions on a wide array of benefits. Over 95% of full-time respondents were eligible for dental insurance and a majority of respondents were eligible for vision insurance. The data for the smorgasbord of other plans include: 72% eligible for flexible spending accounts, 23% eligible for health savings accounts, and 13% eligible for cafeteria plans. Virtually all full-time respondents were eligible for a retirement plan.

Paid sabbatical and paid professional leave are certainly important issues to academic librarians. Twenty-one percent of the respondents indicated that their institution provided paid sabbaticals and 34% indicated that their institution provided paid professional leaves. There is some overlap between the two groups, but approximately 40% or more of the respondents were provided some type of paid leave. Over 90% of those surveyed responded that their institutions paid for conference registration and travel expenses.

Much of the institutional data was collected from the deans/directors of the libraries. Seven of the nineteen institutions surveyed reported that some or all of the MLS librarians were eligible for faculty status: the College of St. Joseph, Johnson State College, Lyndon State College, Marlboro College, the University of Vermont, and Woodbury College.

Four institutions—Johnson State College, Lyndon State College, Union Institute & University, and the University of Vermont—reported that at least some of the librarians were members of a collective bargaining unit. The following union contracts are available on the World Wide Web:

"Collective Bargaining Agreement between The University of Vermont and United Academics (AAUP/AFT) Full-time Unit: December 22, 2005 — June 30, 2008" http://www.unitedacademics.org/contract/index.php

"Vermont State Colleges Employee Benefits" https://callisto.ccv.vsc.edu/webapps/portal/frameset.jsp?tab\_id=\_269\_1

# Vermont Academic Librarian Salaries in Context

Most regional and national surveys lack significant statistical information on Vermont academic librarian salaries, due either to not being included in the sample size or because of lack of participation. As of February 2007, when the VLA survey was conducted, Vermont had only 116 academic librarians, and as demonstrated by the data reported here, they work for very diverse institutions. The VLA Academic Librarian Salary Survey serves to fill in the gap and provides a basis of comparison to other states/regions which are better represented in larger salary surveys. Now Vermont academic libraries can see how their salaries compare to their peers' across the country. More importantly, it also provides a way for libraries to compare themselves with peer libraries in Vermont.

The American Library Association has been surveying librarians with the ALA-accredited MLS or related masters degree for many years, publishing survey results annually. Participation in the ALA-APA Survey is by invitation only; it was not sent to colleges employing fewer than two librarians with the ALA-MLS. The most recent *ALA-APA Salary Survey: Librarian—Public and Academic* gathered data for 2006 salaries, and was published in 2007. Please note that it includes very few Vermont respondents.

*The ALA-APA Salary Survey (2007)* provides the following figures, which can be compared to the salary statistics generated by the 2007 VLA Academic Librarian Salary Survey.

		Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
\$47,011 \$44,855	\$47,011 \$44,855	Not given Not given	\$74,970 \$45,612 \$44,039	\$74,970 \$48,410 \$45,672 \$39,140
\$4 \$4	7,011 4,855	4,970 \$74,970 7,011 \$47,011 4,855 \$44,855 9,140 \$39,140	7,011 \$47,011 Not given 4,855 \$44,855 Not given	7,011 \$47,011 Not given \$45,612 4,855 \$44,855 Not given \$44,039

Unfortunately for the sake of comparison with our nearest neighbors, no data is given for New Hampshire academic librarians, and very few Maine librarians reported.

### **Conclusions**

In May 2007, the American Library Association endorsed a minimum starting salary of \$40,000 for MLS librarians. This is higher than the median salary for librarians working in Vermont institutions with a full-time equivalent enrollment of 2000 or fewer. In fact, more than one quarter of those who responded to the VLA salary survey make less than ALA's recommended minimum.

In October 2007, <u>Library Journal</u> reported the results of its annual survey of library school placements and salaries. In the Northeast, the median starting salary for recent graduates hired by academic libraries was \$38,580.2 Twenty-one respondents to the VLA survey reported making less than this median starting salary. Four of them had been working as an MLS librarian for two years or less. However, ten of them had been in the field for more than ten years!

In February 2008, <u>Library Journal</u> published the second of three reports on its job satisfaction survey. Focusing on academic librarians, this report has plenty to say about job satisfaction and salary:

No surprise: when asked about job satisfaction—or dissatisfaction—answers frequently involved money. Overall, 50% of respondents said they were underpaid; 48% said they were fairly paid (yes, 2% said they were overpaid). Not surprisingly, salary levels were most frequently cited as the primary cause of job dissatisfaction—and the survey suggests a solid correlation between salary and job satisfaction levels: those who said they were "very satisfied" with their work had an average annual salary of \$63,800, while those who said they were "not satisfied at all" averaged less than \$50,000. In addition, 70% of those who said they were unsatisfied also said they were underpaid.3

Respondents also comment on lack of pay equity with teaching faculty, even where librarians have faculty status.<sup>4</sup>

Despite their dissatisfaction with their level of compensation, however, "[t]hree out of four respondents said they planned to remain in librarianship until retirement. Only 3% said they would likely abandon the profession; 86% said they would choose librarianship again if they had it to do it all over again. Some 87% said they would recommend a career in academic librarianship to a young person entering college." How can we explain this apparent disconnect? Presumably, the respondents find enough satisfaction in the daily challenges of the job to offset their dissatisfaction with their pay.

In the bigger picture, this willingness to work for love instead of money means that, until academic librarians speak up for the value of their work, their institutions are unlikely to feel compelled to increase their compensation. Compelling arguments for better pay include:

- ∅ the costs of recruiting and training new staff—including loss of productivity during vacancy and transition—compared to the costs of retaining established staff;<sup>6</sup>
- Ø the finding by ACRL's Ad Hoc Task Force on Recruitment and Retention Issues, that less competitive salaries are a prime factor for shortages of academic librarians;<sup>7</sup>
- ∅ anecdotal evidence that better compensation would be required to lure back academic librarians who have left the field:8
- Ø the strong correlation between an employee's satisfaction with his/her compensation and the intention to stay with an organization: the higher the satisfaction, the higher the commitment.9

ALA-APA's "Advocating for Better Salaries and Pay Equity Toolkit" is one resource for librarians who are building a case for improved compensation.<sup>10</sup>

### References

- "ALA-APA salary resolution," http://www.ala-apa.org/about/20062007APACD15.pdf.
- <sup>2</sup> Stephanie Maatta, "What's an MLIS worth?" Library Journal (10/15/07), 36.
- <sup>3</sup> Andrew Richard Albanese, "Take this job and love it," <u>Library Journal</u> (2/1/08), 36f.
- 4 Ibid, 36.
- <sup>5</sup> Ibid, 39.
- <sup>6</sup> "Recalibrating turnover-cost calculators," Workforce Management 84:6 (6/1/05), 37.
- Ad Hoc Task Force on Recruitment and Retention Issues: a subcommittee of the Association of College & Research Libraries Personnel Administrators & Staff Development Officers Discussion Group, <u>Recruitment, Retention and Restructuring: Human Resources in Academic Libraries</u> (Chicago: ALA) 2002, 4, cited in Jeff Luzius and Allyson Ard, "Leaving the academic library," <u>Journal of Academic Librarianship</u> 32:6 (11/06), 594.
- 8 Luzius and Allyson, 597.
- 9 Owen Parker and Liz Wright, "Pay and employee commitment: the missing link," <u>Ivey Business Journal</u> 65:3 (1/01), 70.
- <sup>10</sup> Advocating for Better Salaries and Pay Equity Toolkit, 4th ed., ALA-APA (4/07), http://ala-apa.org/toolkit.pdf.

### **Salary Surveys & Resources**

### **Surveys**

### **ALA-APA Library Salary Survey**

http://ala-apa.org/salaries/alaapasurveys.html

A summary article, and information about ordering the print copy or subscribing to the online database of the salary survey conducted in 2006 and published in 2007. Survey includes both MLS and Non-MLS data collected from a selected sample of participants. Salary data is broken down by regions and state, but Vermont did not have enough salary data to be broken down separately.

### Salary and Staffing Studies from the ALA Office for Research and Statistics

http://www.ala.org/ala/ors/reports/reports.htm

ALA reports on salary and staffing issues based on supplemental questions in the annual salary survey.

### **CUPA-HR (College & University Professional Association for Human Resources)**

http://www.cupahr.org/surveys/salarysurveysinfo.asp

CUPA-HR produces the salary surveys used by many higher education human resources departments for guiding salary decisions.

### 2006/2007 CUPA-HR Salary Surveys for Higher Education

http://www.higheredjobs.com/salary/default.cfm

Selected published results from the 2006/2997 CUPA-HR salary surveys of median salaries by title and institution type.

### NCES (National Center for Education Statistics)

http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/libraries/Academic.asp

NCES surveys academic libraries biennially and provides an online comparison tool. Aggregate salary data for librarians and staff is reported although to ensure anonymity of participants some salary data has been excluded.

### **ARL Annual Salary Survey**

http://www.arl.org/stats/annualsurveys/salary

Conducted annually this survey reports salary data on more than 12,000 librarians from 123 ARL member libraries. ARL is a noteworthy salary survey, but most Vermont academic libraries would not be able to use it as a comparison tool because the members of ARL are large research libraries with higher budgets and larger student populations.

### AAUP Faculty Salary Survey provided by Chronicle of Higher Education

http://chronicle.com/stats/aaup

Annual salary survey of teaching faculty produced by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) organized by institution type and job rank. Can search by individual states and institution type.

### **Average Librarian Earnings from the Bureau of Labor Statistics**

http://stats.bls.gov/oco/ocoso68.htm

Report in the *Occupational Outlook Handbook*, 2006-07 on librarians including their average earnings.

### **New England Chapter ACRL Survey**

(no longer available online)

This regional survey was last conducted in 2004 and sent to non-ARL libraries of which 55 responded.

Albanese, Andrew Richard. "Take This Job and Love It." <u>Library Journal</u>. February 1, 2008. 36-39. http://www.libraryjournal.com/article/CA6523442.html?q=job+satisfaction+survey Reports results of *LJ*'s first job satisfaction survey since 1994.

Maatta, Stephanie. "What's an MLIS Worth?" <u>Library Journal</u>. October 15, 2007. 30-38. http://www.libraryjournal.com/article/CA6490671.html?q=computer+media&q=&q=maatta Reports placements and starting salaries for new LIS graduates.

### **Pay Equity Resources**

### **ALA-APA Salary resolution**

http://www.ala-apa.org/about/20062007APACD15.pdf

On January 22, 2007 the ALA-APA governing board passed a nonbinding resolution supporting a minimum salary of \$40,000 for professional librarians.

## Advocating for Better Salaries and Pay Equity Toolkit, 4th ed. ALA-APA. Apr 2007 http://ala-apa.org/toolkit.pdf

Messages, strategies and other support materials based on materials originally developed for the Campaign for America's Librarians.

Ad Hoc Task Force on Recruitment and Retention Issues: a subcommittee of the Association of College & Research Libraries Personnel Administrators & Staff Development Officers Discussion Group. Recruitment, Retention and Restructuring: Human Resources in Academic Libraries (Chicago: ALA) 2002.

Luzius, Jeff and Allyson Ard. "Leaving the Academic Library." <u>Journal of Academic Librarianship</u> 32:6 (11/06), 593-598.

Parker, Owen and Liz Wright. "Pay and Employee Commitment: The Missing Link." <u>Ivey Business Journal</u> 65:3 (1/01), 70.

### **Collective Bargaining Agreements**

Collective Bargaining Agreement between The University of Vermont and United Academics (AAUP/AFT) Full-time Unit: December 22, 2005 — June 30, 2008 http://www.unitedacademics.org/contract/index.php

### **Vermont State Colleges Employee Benefits**

https://callisto.ccv.vsc.edu/webapps/portal/frameset.isp?tab\_id=\_269\_1

### Appendix 1: Survey Instrument

Thank you for participating in the Vermont Library Association's "Academic Librarians' Benefits and Salary Survey."

VLA's Personnel Committee is gathering data at the request of librarians in the Association of Vermont Independent Colleges. The Committee's purpose is to study the state of benefits and salaries among Vermont's academic librarians, and to report what we learn to VLA members and other interested parties. The information you provide is completely confidential, and will be reported only in aggregate to assure privacy.

When you have completed the survey and are ready to submit your answers, click on "DONE" on the last page. Once submitted, you may not return to the survey. You may complete the survey in one sitting, or pause partway through and return to it later. You may page back to review and edit your responses. To leave the survey before you have completed it, simply close your browser, or click "EXIT THIS SURVEY" at the top of the page. You will be returned to it when you click on the link just as you first did to reach the survey.

Again, thank you for participating.

The VLA Personnel Committee:
Amy Grasmick, Chair
Clara Bruns
Jo Anne Edwards
Amy Howlett
Stacey Knight
Sarah Sanfilippo
Scott Schaffer
Lucinda Walker
Judy Watts

### **DEMOGRAPHIC DATA**

How many years have you been working as a librarian with an MLS?

How many years have you been in your current position?

Which best describes your title or are	ea of responsibility?
Director/Dean/Chief Officer	
Department Head/Assistant or Associate Direct	or
Reference Librarian	

Technical Services Librarian

Systems Librarian
Other (please specify)

### How many individuals do you supervise?

 Professional	librarians
Staff	

Student workers

Is any degree besides the MLS required by your position?
BENEFITS Consolidated leave is combined paid time off for vacation, sickness, or personal time. Does your institution offer consolidated leave or is paid time off tracked separately?  Consolidated Leave Not Eligible for Any Paid Time Off Vacation, Sick Days, Personal Time Tracked Separately
How many days of consolidated leave per year are offered to you?
Are you eligible for paid vacation leave as a separate benefit?  Yes No My Institution Does Not Offer
How many days of paid vacation leave per year are offered to you as a separate benefit?
Are you eligible for paid sick leave as a separate benefit?  Yes  No  My Institution Does Not Offer
How many days of sick leave are offered to you each year as a separate benefit?
Are you eligible for personal time as a separate benefit?  My Institution Does Not Offer  No  Yes
How many days of personal time are offered to you each year as a separate benefit?
Are you eligible for paid holidays as a separate benefit?  My Institution Does Not Offer  No  Yes
How many paid holidays are offered to you as a separate benefit?
Are you eligible for medical insurance?  My Institution Does Not Offer

C Yes No
What percentage of the medical insurance premium NOT including co-pays and other out-of-pocket expenses do you pay? Enter % as two digits, for example: 09, NOT 9% or 9 percent.  Not Enrolled None (0%) Not Sure
Are you eligible for dental insurance?
My Institution Does Not Offer No
What percentage of the dental insurance premium NOT including copays and other out-of-pocket expenses do you pay?  Not sure
Not sure  Not enrolled
None (0%)
( %
70
Are you eligible for vision insurance?  Yes  No  My Institution Does Not Offer
Included with medical coverage
What percentage of the premium NOT including co-pays and other out-of-pocket expenses do you pay?  Not enrolled  Not sure  Nothing (0%)
Are you eligible for a plan that supplements or substitutes for medical insurance and/or other expenses? (Check all that apply.)
FLEXIBLE SPENDING ACCOUNT - i.e., an account IN ADDITION to your medical insurance, to which you contribute a portion of your salary pre-tax for child care expenses or medical expenses not covered by your insurance; funds deposited must be used by the end of the calendar year.
HEALTH SAVINGS ACCOUNT - i.e., an account IN ADDITION to your high deductible medical insurance to which you and/or your employer contribute pre-tax for medical expenses not covered by your insurance; funds can roll over into the next year and continue to accumulate.
CAFETERIA PLAN - i.e., a plan to which you and/or your employer contribute pre-tax, and in which you choose from a selection of benefits which might include medical insurance, vision insurance, dental insurance, child care, life insurance, and additional medical expenses not covered by insurance; funds deposited must be used by the end of the calendar year.

l No					
My institution does not offer					
Not sure					
Other (please specify)					
(1.0000 01.0007)					
Are you eligible for a retire	ment p	olan?			
Not Sure	_				
Yes					
My Institution Does Not Offer					
No					
Is the employer contributio centage, or does this contribution?					-
Standard contribution					
No employer contribution					
Depends on employee contribution	nn				
Not sure	Z11				
% A percentage Not Sure \$ A dollar amount					
Not Sure			-		
Not Sure \$ A dollar amount  What is the standard or ma is the percentage?	ort you	r pro	fessiona	al developme	ent? Check
Not Sure \$ A dollar amount  What is the standard or ma is the percentage?  Does your institution supporall that apply.	ort you Yes	r pro	fessiona Not Sure	al developme  My Institution D	ent? Check
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Not Sure \$ A dollar amount  What is the standard or mais the percentage?  Does your institution supporable that apply.  Unpaid Sabbaticals Paid Sabbaticals Unpaid Professional Leave Paid Professional Leave Paid Professional Memberships Paid Conference Registration Pay for Professional Classes or Courses	Yes () () () () () ()	r pro	Not Sure	al developme  My Institution D  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C	ent? Check
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Not Sure \$ A dollar amount  What is the standard or mais the percentage?  Does your institution supporable that apply.  Unpaid Sabbaticals Paid Sabbaticals Unpaid Professional Leave Paid Professional Leave Paid Professional Memberships Paid Conference Registration Pay for Professional Classes or Courses	Yes C C C C S	r pro	Not Sure	al developme  My Institution D  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C	ent? Check loes Not Offer
Not Sure \$ A dollar amount  What is the standard or mais the percentage?  Does your institution supporall that apply.  Unpaid Sabbaticals Paid Sabbaticals Unpaid Professional Leave Paid Professional Leave Paid Professional Memberships Paid Conference Registration Pay for Professional Classes or Courses Travel Expenses  Please indicate other benefits  Paid Paid Professional Classes	Yes C C C C S C	r pro	Not Sure	al developme  My Institution D  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C	ent? Check looes Not Offer loat apply.
Not Sure \$ A dollar amount  What is the standard or mais the percentage?  Does your institution supporall that apply.  Unpaid Sabbaticals Paid Sabbaticals Unpaid Professional Leave Paid Professional Leave Paid Professional Memberships Paid Conference Registration Pay for Professional Classes or Courses Travel Expenses  Please indicate other benef	Yes C C C C S C	r pro	Not Sure	al developme  My Institution D  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C	ent? Check looes Not Offer
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Not Sure \$ A dollar amount  What is the standard or mais the percentage?  Does your institution supporall that apply.  Unpaid Sabbaticals Paid Sabbaticals Unpaid Professional Leave Paid Professional Leave Paid Professional Memberships Paid Conference Registration Pay for Professional Classes or Courses Travel Expenses  Please indicate other benefication for family members	Yes C C C C S C	r pro	Not Sure	al developme  My Institution D  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C	ent? Check looes Not Offer
Not Sure \$ A dollar amount  What is the standard or mais the percentage?  Does your institution supporall that apply.  Unpaid Sabbaticals Paid Sabbaticals Unpaid Professional Leave Paid Professional Leave Paid Professional Memberships Paid Conference Registration Pay for Professional Classes or Courses Travel Expenses  Please indicate other benefactory  Tuition for family members Leave to care for family member	Yes C C C C S C	r pro	Not Sure	al developme  My Institution D  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C	ent? Check looes Not Offer loat apply.
Not Sure \$ A dollar amount  What is the standard or mais the percentage?  Does your institution supporall that apply.  Unpaid Sabbaticals Paid Sabbaticals Unpaid Professional Leave Paid Professional Leave Paid Professional Memberships Paid Conference Registration Pay for Professional Classes or Courses Travel Expenses  Please indicate other benefication for family members Leave to care for family member Leave for birth of child	Yes C C C C S C	r pro	Not Sure	al developme  My Institution D  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C	ent? Check looes Not Offer loat apply.

Do you have any comments you would like to share about the benefits package your institution offers?

### **SALARY**

Remember, this information will remain confidential. The survey can only be as accurate as the information you provide. Thank you for taking care with your answers.

What is your annual Salary? Round to the nearest dollar and enter with no dollar sign, for example: 37,832

What percentage of full-time do you work, where full-time is 100%, expressed as: 1.00 ? (Enter full-time as "1.00", enter half-time as ".50")

NOTE: To calculate this percentage, divide the months you work by the number of months considered to be the norm for full-time employment at your institution, or the number of hours you work per week by the number of hours per week considered the norm for full-time employment at your institution. For example, if a full-time position at your institution is 12 months, a 9-month position is .75. If a full-time position at your institution is 40 hours per week, a 30-hour per week position is .75. If you work 30 hours per week for 9 months of the year, multiply the percent per week by the percent per year, i.e.,  $.75 \times .75 = .56$ 

### What is the name of your institution?

NOTE: This information is strictly confidential, and is necessary for us to report aggregate - and therefore anonymous - data.

This is your chance to offer comments and suggestions on the survey. Please tell us whatever you think would be helpful.

Are you	the director/	top administra	itor in you	r library?
( YES				
○ NO				

### **INSTITUTIONAL**

The following questions should be answered only by the director or top administrator for the library.

What is your institution's total FTE enrollment?

What is the highest degree offered at your institution?

### Is your institution:

(•	PUBLIC
(	PRIVATE

What is the library's total budget (including personnel, materials, and operating budget)?

How many FTEs are employed in your library? Include your own position, but NOT student workers.

How many FTEs do student workers add?

How many FTEs have the MLS or equivalent? Include your position, if applicable.

At your institution, are MLS librarians eligible for faculty status?  YES  NO  Other (please specify)
Who in your library is covered by a collective bargaining unit?  ALL SOME NONE
Supervisors C C C
MLS librarians
Administration ( C C C
In your library, what compensation strategy is used to determine pay increases? (Check all that apply.)
Merit pay
Cash incentives
Base plus cost-of-living adjustment
Broadbanding
Negotiated by union
Scale plus cost-of-living adjustment
Job- or skill-based
Compression adjustment
Market

To leave the survey without submitting your answers, click EXIT THIS SURVEY at the top of the page. When you enter again by clicking on the link you were sent, you may continue filling out the survey. When you have finished working on the survey and are ready to submit you're answers, press, "DONE".

THANK YOU FOR PARTICIPATING, WATCH FOR OUR REPORT.

Bonuses

Other (please specify)

# Appendix 2: Institutions surveyed

Name	FTE enrollment	Public / private	Provided institutional data
Bennington College	678	private	Х
Burlington College	143	private	Х
Castleton State College			
Champlain College			
College of St. Joseph	360	private	Х
Community College of Vermont			
Goddard College	600	private	Х
Green Mountain College	679	private	Х
Johnson State College	1446	public	Х
Landmark College			
Lyndon State College	1400	public	Х
Marlboro College	340	private	Х
Middlebury College	2400	private	Х
New England Culinary Institute	700	private	Х
Norwich University	3434	private	Х
Saint Michael's College	2207	private	Х
School for International Training	256	private	Х
Southern Vermont College	350	private	Х
Sterling College	95	private	Х
Union Institute & University	1750	private	X
University of Vermont	10,620	public	Х
Vermont Law School			
Vermont Technical College			
Woodbury College	150	private	X

# Appendix 3: Selected Data

 ${\bf SALARY}\\ {\bf Note: The following tables include part-time employees with salary adjusted to full-time equivalent}\\$ 

	Responses	Mean	Std Deviation	Minimum	Maximum	25 <sup>th</sup> Per- centile	50 <sup>th</sup> Per- centile	75 <sup>th</sup> Percentile
What is your annual salary?	71	\$54,277	\$24,559	\$29,000	\$167,000	\$38,000	\$49,360	\$61,000

		Responses	Mean	Median	Std Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
How many years	0 - 4 years	11	\$35,660	\$35,500	\$4,856	\$29,000	\$46,350
nave you been work- ing as a librarian with	5 - 9 years	13	\$48,794	\$49,360	\$9,672	\$35,700	\$70,000
an MLS'?	10 - 14 years	12	\$47,473	\$42,250	\$15,002	\$33,503	\$85,000
	15 - 19 years	12	\$53,008	\$54,820	\$10,834	\$36,050	\$70,000
	20 - 24 years	0	\$66,850	\$61,000	\$42,039	\$32,000	\$167,000
	25 + years	14	\$72,834	\$65,500	\$30,300	\$30,000	\$148,000

		Responses	Mean	Median	Median Std Deviation   Minimum   Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
Which best describes	Director/Dean/Chief Officer	17	\$69,188	\$57,982	\$38,973	\$32,000	\$167,000
your title or area of responsibility?	Dept Head/Asst or Assoc Director	4	\$58,009	\$55,926	\$15,621	\$35,500	\$85,000
	Reference Librarian	20	\$48,033	\$48,680	\$15,026	\$29,000	\$90,618
	Systems, Technical, or Other Librarian	20	\$45,234	\$41,002	\$14,629	\$30,000	\$93,000

Maximum	\$61,000	\$63,000	\$62,000	\$167,000
Minimum	\$29,000	\$30,000	\$35,700	\$39,000
Median   Std Deviation   Minimum   Maximum	\$10,509	\$11,515	\$10,357	\$27,665
Median	\$36,875	\$37,000	\$38,480	\$56,125
Mean	\$40,047	\$41,728	\$45,523	\$67,222
Responses	10	6	7	36
	0 - 200	501 - 1000	1001 - 2000	2001 +
	What is your in-	Siltution's total FTE enrollment?		

		Responses	Mean	Median	Std Deviation	Minimum Maximum	Maximum
How many FTEs are employed in	0 - 4	15	\$32,668	\$36,050	\$8,111	\$29,000	\$57,982
your library? Include your own position, but NOT student workers.	5 - 9	<u>.                                    </u>	\$48,151	\$50,000	\$10,979	\$35,700	\$63,000
	+ 01	36	\$67,222	\$56,125	\$27,665	\$39,000	\$167,000

		Responses	Mean	Median	Median   Std Deviation   Minimum   Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
What is the library's total budget	\$0 - \$300,000	12	12 \$39,206	\$36,875	\$9,938	\$29,000	\$61,000
(including personnel, materials, and operating budget)?	\$300,001 - \$1,000,000	14	\$44,587	\$38,480	\$10,920	\$33,000	\$63,000
	\$1,000,001 +	36	\$67,222	\$56,125	\$27,665	\$39,000	\$39,000 \$167,000

		Responses	Mean	Median	Std Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
your institution:	PRIVATE	44	\$53,537	\$48,500	\$22,249	\$29,000	\$148,000
	PUBLIC	18	\$64,392	\$55,150	\$31,008	\$38,000	\$167,000

	Responses	Mean	Median	Std Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Do you supervise Profes- sional Librarians? Yes	24	\$71,117	\$62,500	\$32,751	\$33,503	\$167,000

sional Librarians?	Yes	24	24 \$71,117	\$62,500	\$32,751	\$33,503	\$33,503 \$167,000	
		Responses	Mean	Median	Median   Std Deviation   Minimum   Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	
Oo you supervise staff?								
<i>&gt;</i>	Yes	40	40 \$61,064	\$55,150	\$28,320	\$32,000	\$32,000 \$167,000	

	Responses	Mean	Median	Standard Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Do you supervise staff but not Professional Librarians?	12	\$46,799	\$47,675	\$11,220	\$32,000	\$69,000

Maximum	\$29,000 \$70,000 \$32,000 \$167,000
Minimum	
Median Std Deviation Minimum Maximum	\$10,908
Median	\$39,989
Mean	\$42,983
Responses	20
	<b>≻</b> Φ σ
	o N
	Do you su- No pervise staff or profes- sional librari- ans?

# LEAVE AND MEDICAL INSURANCE

	Responses	Median	Minimum	Maximum
How many days of consolidated leave per year are offered to you?	23	30.00	18	40
How many days of paid vacation leave per year are offered to you as a separate benefit?	45	20.00	10	36
How many days of sick leave are offered to you each year as a separate benefit?	39	15.00	∞	182
How many days of personal time are offered to you each year as a seperate benefit?	18	4.00	-	9
How many paid holidays are offered to you as a separate benefit?	09	12.00	က	18
What percentage of the medical insurance premium NOT including co-pays and other out-of-pocket expenses do you pay?	26	20.00	9	40